

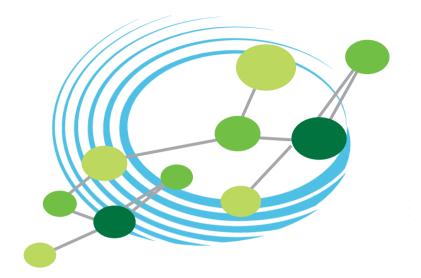
ICCG Webinar Series on Climate Finance
Building a Sustainable Financial System
Moving from Design to Delivery

Nick Robins, UNEP

May 11th, 2016







Building a Sustainable Financial System Moving from Design to Delivery

Nick Robins, ICCG/FEEM Webinar, May 11th 2016



OVERVIEW



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2015 was the year when sustainability became recognised as a factor for financial system health: Action within the system needed to mobilise capital and mainstream sustainability performance.



The Inquiry identified a 'quiet revolution' in policy practice: A growing number of policy innovations across banking, capital markets, insurance and investment. But still new and fragmented.



2016 looks set to be the year of scaling up action: Harnessing financial system to implement the Paris Agreement and the Sustainable Development Goals through green finance strategies.



A SYSTEMIC CHALLENGE



TOO MUCH OF THIS





NOT ENOUGH OF THIS





FINANCING CHALLENGES (ILLUSTRATIVE)

US\$16 trillion

Annual global investment All needs to be green and resilient

US\$5-7 trillion Annual investment needed for sustainable development goals e.g. in infrastructure, energy, agriculture

US\$7 trillion

Annual environmental externalities – need to be costed into decision making



Reduction in fossil fuel and power investment need (2015-2030)

"Finance overwhelms the real economy. The lessons of the global financial crisis have not been assimilated, and we are learning all too slowly the lessons of environmental deterioration." Pope Francis



ALIGNING THE SYSTEM



FINANCIAL ASSETS & ACTORS



Banking US\$135 tn



Bonds US\$100 tn



Equities US\$70 tn



Investors US\$100 tn



Insurance US\$29 tn

PRIORITIES FOR ALIGNMENT

Real economy regulation & pricing

Mobilising public spending

Action within the financial system?

REASONS FOR ACTION IN THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM

Managing risk
Inadequate risk management in the
financial system may exacerbate
environmental & social externalities

Promoting innovation Upgrading the standards and regulations required to catalyze investment, for example, in bond markets

Strengthening resilience Environmental factors can pose risks to assets and system stability

Ensuring policy coherence Ensuring coherence between financial regulation and wider goals, such as long-term investment, access to finance, environmental security.



THE INQUIRY: mandate and approach



MANDATE

Advance policy options to improve the financial system's alignment with sustainable development



Taking forward recommendations for national action and international collaboration

Packages of policy proposals

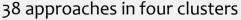
















TOOLKIT





Upgraded governance



FOCUS ON PRACTICE

Netherlands





China People's Bank of China Development Research

Centre, IISD Bangladesh

Bangladesh Bank, Council on Economic Policies

> India FICCI, NIPFP

Indonesia

Financial Services Authority (OJK) IFC, ASRIA



THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM WE NEED

IMF/WORLD BANK ANNUAL MEETINGS, LIMA 8 OCTOBER 2015





Mark Carney, Governor, Bank of England

"Green finance cannot be a niche"

Atiur Rahman, Governor, Bangladesh Bank "Developing economy central banks have been trying to address the risks of instabilities and imbalances at sources, by promoting sustainable financing"

Yi Gang, Deputy Governor, People's Bank of China

"China will advance green finance during its presidency of the G20 in 2016"



BRAZIL: A first mover in sustainability





Enhancing the market: BM&F Bovespa stock exchange launch ISR Index in 2005

Managing risks: In 2014, BACEN introduced new requirements for banks to manage socio-environmental factors as part of core risk system to improve governance and strengthen soundness.

Performance measurement: Brazilian Bankers Association (FEBRABAN) starting to track green lending flows: c9% of corporate lending.



CHINA: *Greening the financial system*





Green investment needs: US\$400bn p.a to finance green investment; only 15% from public sources.

Green financial system: The People's Bank of China co-authored a set of proposals with the Inquiry on closing the gap: green bonds, green ratings, lender liability, environmental insurance, stock market disclosure

International cooperation: Promoting green finance as part of its presidency of the G20 in 2016 (Green Finance Study Group)

"Greening a country's financial system is not an "additional" performance requirement but concerns the efficiency and effectiveness of the whole system"



INDIA: Financing sustainable & inclusive growth





Investment needs: USD\$200bn required every year for basic infrastructure alone, half from private sector

Policy action: Social infrastructure and decentralized renewables included within the Priority Sector Lending requirements for banks

Accelerating market leadership: National voluntary guidelines for responsible financing released by Indian Banks Association

Supporting Green Bonds: Issuance of requirements for development of green bond market by SEBI, the markets regulator



FRANCE: Financing the energy transition





Energy Transition Law: Most ambitious national law on climate disclosure

- **Investors** to disclose how they manage sustainability factors, carbon footprint and contribution to the energy transition, and
- Banks to incorporate climate factors into stress tests (end 2016)

Tax incentives for households: Savings in *Livret A* tax-exempt fund utilized by CDC – 50% allocated to loans for social housing and local infrastructure

Product labelling: SRI and Energy Transition labels for financial products to increase product visibility, expected 2016

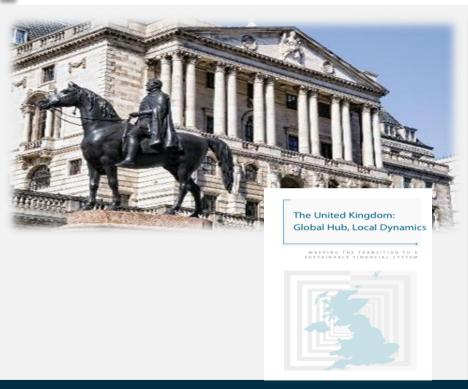
"It is essential that the financial system as a whole takes climate risk into account, anticipates ambitious targets and integrates this into investment decisions."

Laurent Fabius, Foreign Minister, France



THE UK: Prudence, stability and green finance





Fiduciary Duty: Law Commission review clarified that material sustainability factors are part of prudent investing.

Prudential Regulation: The PRA has examined the impact of climate on insurance companies: physical, transition and litigation risks – laid the foundations for action by the Financial Stability Board.

Greening the City: City of London Corporation launched its Green Finance Initiative in January 2016, supported by DECC and Treasury

"The central bank time horizon is relatively short. But the real challenges to prosperity and economic resilience from climate change will manifest well beyond this. We face a 'tragedy of horizons'."

Mark Carney, Governor, Bank of England



THE EU: Advancing sustainable growth strategies





Capital Markets Union: Enhancing access to finance for SMEs, and ensuring an appropriate regulatory environment for long-term sustainable investment

Pensions (IORP II): European Parliament voted in favour of amendments in Jan 2016, including measures to mandate consideration of environmental risks in investment

Corporate Disclosure: Consultation underway on guidelines for non-financial reporting

Systemic Risk: ESRB is assessing the impact of the transition to a low-carbon economy for financial system health

"Europe requires significant new long term and sustainable investment to maintain and extend competitiveness and shift to a low-carbon and resource-efficient economy."

Action Plan for Capital Markets Union

INQUIRY: 10 RECOMMENDATIONS

A GROWING ECOSYSTEM OF ACTION





Disclosure standards convergence







Fiscal measures optimisation





FICCI





Performance framework







Banking standards







Code on investor duties

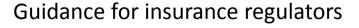










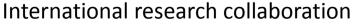


















SLIIDE 15

[Source Inquiry, 2015]

THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM AND THE GLOBAL GOALS

MOBILISING

Financial Inclusion

Infrastructure

Financing innovation

MAINSTREAMING

Market integrity

Risk and resilience

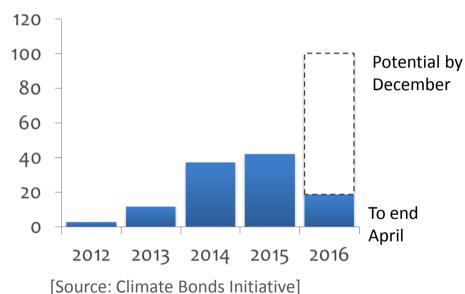
Responsibility



[Source Inquiry, 2015]

MOBILISING CAPITAL: The role of green bonds

GREEN BOND ISSUANCE (US\$bn) SELECTION OF GREEN BONDS ISSUED IN FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2016



\$1.1bn wind

\$0.5bn public transport

\$1.5bn renewable energy, efficiency, green buildings



\$5.8bn energy efficiency clean energy, waste

"The green bond market is at an exciting time of expansion. Green bonds are attractive precisely because they are simple. They have the same recourse to the issuer as traditional debt. They have no specialised cash-flows, and no financial engineering."

Harriett Baldwin MP, UK Economic Secretary to the Treasury (City Minister)



2016: THE YEAR OF GREEN FINANCE



- Strengthening international market architecture, through the G20 Green Finance Study Group under China's presidency
- Mobilising institutional investors, through the new Green
 Infrastructure Investment Coalition of investors and policymakers
- Building resilience, by incorporating sustainability into insurance policy and regulation
- Improving transparency, through the FSB's climate disclosure task force and increased reporting from financial institutions.

 Developing national strategies, through country-driven processes to harness green finance for the SDGs and climate action.



ITALY: national dialogue on sustainable finance



MOBILISING

Inclusion
Infrastructure
Innovation

KEY SECTORS

Banking
Capital Markets
Investors
Insurance

MEASURING PROGRESS

Portfolio
Institutional
Market & System

MOTIVATING ACTION

Real Economy Needs

Market Demand

Social Expectations

Environmental Threats

MAINSTREAMING

Governance & Disclosure
Risk Management
Public Finance

UNEP INQUIRY NOW: FROM DESIGN TO DELIVERY

SUPPORTING EMERGING LEADERS

POTENTIAL

Country engagement with existing and emerging policy innovators.

Engagement with market leaders and initiatives

Convening developing countries.

INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION



Green Finance Study Group

FSB, IMF, OECD, World Bank, UN

ADVANCING SYSTEM INNOVATION

Study on how **fintech** is disrupting the system, and how it can be shaped.

Developing **performance measurement framework**for green finance

Assessing how insurance regulation and sustainability can advance strategically

"2015 was the year of building a new set of foundations for the global economy, and signaling new directions for the financial system. It's our task in 2016 to take the practical steps in delivering the shift"

Achim Steiner, Executive Director, UNEP



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Q&A

If you have any questions, please write us on the GoToWebinar chat.

For time management reasons, we don't assure that all questions will be answered.

All details will be published on the ICCG website: www.iccgov.org

